

GENERAL DESCRIPTIONS OF RAIDS

U.S. Department of Homeland Security



Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) - Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO)

Most commonly known ICE entity
In charge of targeted deportations and removal of undocumented immigrants
Typically performing targeted operations
Often plain clothes and in unmarked cars



Customs and Border Protection (CBP)

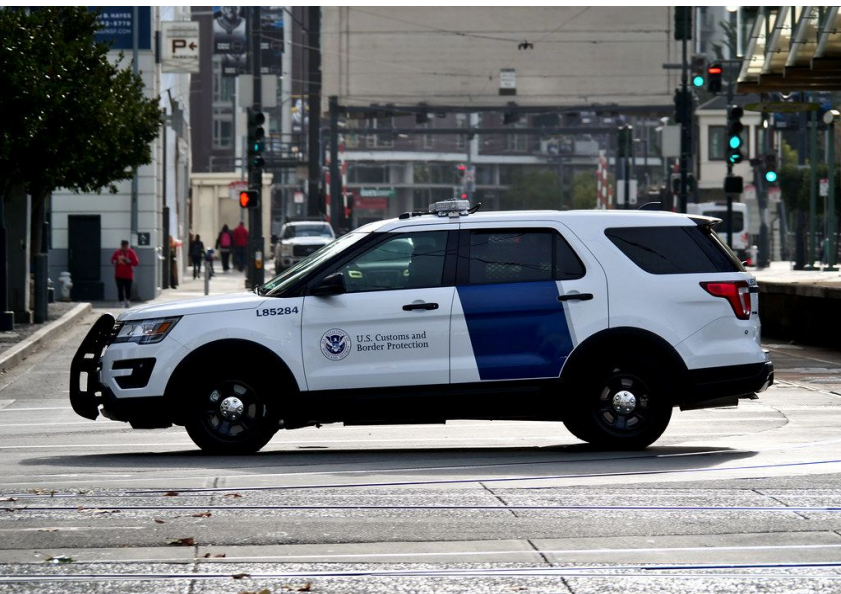
In charge of enforcement 100 miles from border.
Typically wearing green
Conduct targeted operations within much of CA in conjunction with other agencies



ICE - Homeland Security Investigations (HSI)

Part of ICE
Engages in more specialized operations such as human trafficking, etc.
Tasked with eliminating "transnational crime"

Here are their ugly cars



Los Angeles Police



Los Angeles Sheriffs



*Other cities and counties look different, so it is important to be familiar with the different uniforms.

Targeted Communities

ICE claims to conduct routine operations

- Open warrants
- “Risk to public safety”
- Previous deportation orders

In reality:

- People with extended ties to the U.S.
- Day laborers
- Anyone without status that could be a “collateral arrest”

TACTICS EMPLOYED

- During the first Trump administration, the majority of people were detained at home.
 - People were targeted in their homes or apartments.
 - Collateral arrests were also performed
 - Typically, these operations happen in the early hours before or while people are headed to work
 - Nevertheless, arrests remained relatively unchanged from the Obama administration to the Trump administration
- We expect workplace raids to increase.
- Arrests around school sites when parents are dropping their children off at school.

Raids and enforcement

- ICE is attempting to increase forces by enlisting other agencies
- ICE lacks the resources required to undertake wide-spread operations (rounding people up on the street, at community meetings, at schools, etc). So probability of this remains low.
- Reliance on pressure, fear, and panic

RECENT TACTICS

- No más "prioridades" para la deportación
- Laken Riley allows for apprehension during court process, without a criminal conviction
- Collateral arrests
- Expansion of "Expedited Removal"
- Fewer avenues for relief after or during detention
 - Prosecutorial discretion
 - Parole or bond
- Sensitive locations memo revoked

Know Your Rights

Strongest Defenses is the 4th and 5th Amendment Rights.

- Do NOT answer any questions. Right to remain silent.
- Do NOT Open the door (ICE agents almost never have a judicial search warrant)
- DO NOT Sign any documents

Restricting ICE Access

- Public vs private space
 - If public space such as lawn: ICE doesn't need a warrant to enter
 - If private space: ICE must have consent or a valid warrant
 - Valid warrant = one signed by a federal or state Judge
- Puedes hacer de tu aula y oficina un espacio privado
 - Put up a sign
 - Locks indicate private space
 - University can designate restricted areas and limit access

ARREST WARRANT

AO 93 (Rev. 12/09) Search and Seizure Warrant

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
Eastern District of California

In the Matter of the Search of)
(Briefly describe the property to be searched)
or identify the person by name and address)) Case No.

540 Oak Avenue)
Davis, California 95616)

SEARCH AND SEIZURE WARRANT

To: Any authorized law enforcement officer 2:11-SW-0161 EFB

An application by a federal law enforcement officer or an attorney for the government requests the search of the following person or property located in the EASTERN District of CALIFORNIA
(Identify the person or describe the property to be searched and give its location):
SEE ATTACHMENT A, ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The person or property to be searched, described above, is believed to conceal (Identify the person or describe the property to be seized):
SEE ATTACHMENT B, ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

I find that the affidavit(s), or any recorded testimony, establish probable cause to search and seize the person or property.

YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant on or before 5-9-2011 (not to exceed 14 days)

in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10 p.m. at any time in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been established.

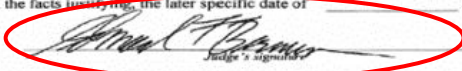
Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must give a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property taken to the person from whom, or from whose premises, the property was taken, or leave the copy and receipt at the place where the property was taken.

The officer executing this warrant, or an officer present during the execution of the warrant, must prepare an inventory as required by law and promptly return this warrant and inventory to United States Magistrate Judge _____ (name)

I find that immediate notification may have an adverse result listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2705 (except for delay of trial), and authorize the officer executing this warrant to delay notice to the person who, or whose property, will be searched or seized (check the appropriate box) for _____ days (not to exceed 30).
 Until, the facts justifying, the later specific date of _____

Date and time issued: 4-25-2011
9:10:00 AM

City and state: SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA


EDMUND F. BRENNAN, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE
Printed name and title

- Signed by a judge
- Official court document
- Issued by a court
- Difficult to obtain, almost never seen in immigration cases
- Allows for search and seizure of specific property

IMMIGRATION WARRANT

- Signed by DHS official
- Not signed by a judge
- Issued by Department of Justice
- Does not allow for search and seizure

U.S. Department of Justice
Immigration and Naturalization Service

Warrant of Removal/Deportation

File No: _____

Date: _____

To any officer of the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service:

(Full name of alien)

who entered the United States at _____ on _____
(Place of entry) (Date of entry)

is subject to removal/deportation from the United States, based upon a final order by:

- an Immigration judge in exclusion, deportation, or removal proceedings
- a district director or a district director's designated official
- the Board of Immigration Appeals
- a United States District or Magistrate Court Judge

and pursuant to the following provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act:
Section 241(a)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act(Act), as amended.

I, the undersigned officer of the United States, by virtue of the power and authority vested in the Attorney General under the laws of the United States and by his or her direction, command you to take into custody and remove from the United States the above-named alien, pursuant to law, at the expense of the appropriation. "Salaries and Expenses Immigration and Naturalization Service 2002," including the expense of an attendant if necessary.

(Signature of INS official)

(Title of INS official)

(Date and office location)

Your A number

Notice to Appear

In removal proceedings under section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act:

Subject ID: [redacted] FINS #: [redacted] File No. [redacted]
DOB: [redacted] Event No: [redacted]

In the Matter of:
Respondent: [redacted] currently residing at:
[redacted] (Number, street, city and ZIP code) [redacted] (Area code and phone number)

- 1. You are an arriving alien.
2. You are an alien present in the United States who has not been admitted or paroled.
3. You have been admitted to the United States, but are removable for the reasons stated below.

The Department of Homeland Security alleges that you:
1. You are not a citizen or national of the United States;
2. You are a native of HONDURAS and a citizen of HONDURAS;
3. You arrived in the United States at or near [redacted], on or about [redacted];
4. You were not then admitted or paroled after inspection by an Immigration Officer.

The immigration court where your hearing will be scheduled

On the basis of the foregoing, it is charged that you are subject to removal from the United States pursuant to the following provision(s) of law:
212(a)(5)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, in that you are an alien present in the United States without being admitted or paroled, or who arrived in the United States at any time or place other than as designated by the Attorney General.

- This notice is being issued after an asylum officer has found that the respondent has demonstrated a credible fear of persecution or torture.
Section 235(b)(1) order was vacated pursuant to: 8CFR 208.30(d)(2) 8CFR 235.3(b)(5)(iv)

YOU ARE ORDERED to appear before an immigration judge of the United States Department of Justice at:
5701 Executive Center Drive Suite 400 Charlotte NC US 28212

(Complete Address of Immigration Court, including Room Number, if any)
on a date to be set at a time to be set to show why you should not be removed from the United States based on the
charge(s) set forth above.
NICHOLAS E. MUNOZ ACTING PATROL AGENT IN CHARGE
McAllen, Texas
Date: April 18, 2018

NOTICE TO APPEAR

Differences from Arrest Warrant:

- Signed by ICE agent
Not signed by a judge
Issued by DHS, not the department of justice
Does not allow for search and seizure
Most common document

RESPONDING

1. Once an ICE raid is reported, a First Responder Team Leader should inform his or her group members and ask who can verify/document possible ICE activity. Communication is key. When the participant comes out to confirm activity, they should:
 - a. Verify whether an ICE raid occurred
 - b. Offer support to folks detained and their families
 - c. Collect evidence of the raid, complete the Documentation Form*, and document any potential legal violations.
2. Locate detainees and ensure they have access to an immigration attorney.



DOCUMENTATION FORM

Fill out the DOCUMENTATION FORM FOR RAIDS to document raids

- **Did you see any violations of the law?**
- **How many officers and cars present?**
- **What other questions would you have?**

REVIEW OF FIRST RESPONDER ROLES

- Check, Document!
- Communicate with the team
- Plan protest
- Reach out to community and organizations to develop support network
- Educate - Have "Know Your Rights" events
- Recruit more people into the First Responder committee
- Share materials

Verify



Verificar

Alert



Alertar

Support



Apoyar

IMPORTANCE OF DOCUMENTING EVIDENCE

■ What type of evidence should be looked for during/after a raid?

- **Record** details of the scene; vehicles, who is present, any statements made.
- Count the number of ICE agents and license plate numbers, if possible.



■ How to collect evidence

- Video Recording
 - In California, you can record and take photos in public places.
 - In a private space, you will need to record openly (so others can see), or ask for consent.
- Taking Witness Statements
- Collecting contact information of onlookers (but be careful!)

FOLLOW FOR MORE

[@whoisyourneighborhood](#)
[@streetvendorsunited](#)
[@uniondelbarrio](#)